

TIMELINES OF ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS

12 PART SERIES

EGYPTIAN Part I & II

CHINESE Part I & II

GREEK Part I & II

ROMAN Part I & II

JAPANESE Part I & II

MESOPOTAMIAN Part I & II

Consider Visiting These Web Sites:

<http://www.japan-guide.com/e/e641.html>

<http://www.jinjapan.org/kidsweb/japan/i.html>

http://www.ku.edu/history/VL/east_asia/japan.html



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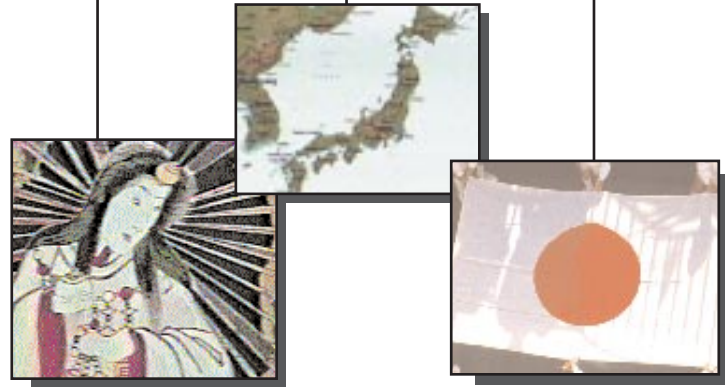
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Presents

TIMELINES of ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS

12 PART SERIES



JAPANESE:

PART 2

MONGOLS TO MODERN DAY

INSTRUCTIONAL GUIDE

INTRODUCTION TO SERIES

Designed to enhance the social studies curriculum for the intermediate aged student on up. "Timelines of Ancient Civilizations" offers students a unique perspective about the chronological developments of the greatest societies the world has ever known.

As a complementary device with each video, an instructional guide suggests exercises to enhance the learning for teachers, parents and students. These interactive exercises will reinforce and further develop a student's level of comprehension.

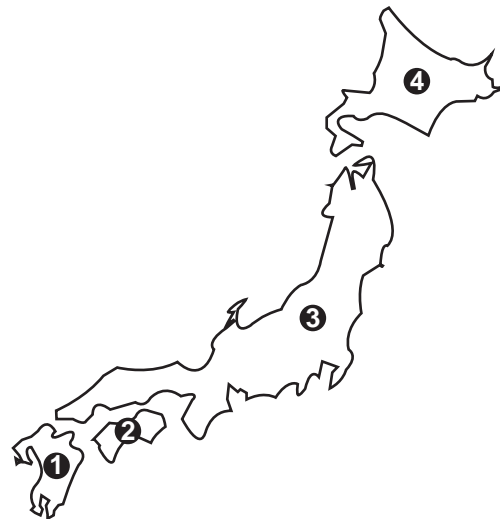
The instructional guide provides:

Vocabulary
Biography
Chronology / Q & A
Discussion Points / Activities
Geography

**Permission granted to copy the
exercises provided in this guide.
For educational use ONLY.**

E-Guides available at
www.filmideas.com

Study the map on pg. 12. Then write the name of the location on the solid black line.



① _____

② _____

③ _____

④ _____

JAPAN

Study the location of the four main islands of Japan.
Then test your geography skills on pg.13.



- ① **KYUSHU:**
- ② **SHIKOKU:**
- ③ **HONSHU:**
- ④ **HOKKAIDO:**

Of all the ancient civilizations Japan is one of the most unique. Named Nippon or “The Land of the Rising Sun” by the Chinese, Japan, although small in comparison to all of Asia, is a major influence in the region. Located 115 miles off the east coast of the Asian continent, with an area of 145,000 square miles and over 3,000 islands, Japan has developed into one of the world’s greatest cultures.

Japan’s early history includes ancient hunters who pursued the mammoth, giant deer, and other animals which roamed the area about 50,000 BCE. After the great ice ages about 20,000 years ago Japan began to separate from the Asian mainland with which it was once connected. By 12,000 BCE Japan has become the island which we know today. During the time Japan became an island off the Asian continent a new era evolved known as the Jomon period. During this period a distinct style of pottery called Jomon developed and improved the migrating lifestyles of the early hunting gathering societies. Later innovations included the cultivation of rice and metals during the Yayoi period.

After early settlements Japan entered an age known as feudalism. During this time, a constant state of war existed between local lords and chieftains. By 450 CE the Yamato clan ruled the land. Their reign brought the teachings of Buddhism from Korea and Confucius from China into Japanese society. Eventually in the year 1156, two other families competed for power – the Taira and Minamoto families. After 11 years of brutal fighting the Minamoto family declared victory. Thus the feudal order and class society in Japan was established. The hierarchical structure included the Emperor followed by the Shogun then the Daimyos or warlords and the Samurai warriors. Although the Emperor was first, the Shogun exercised the real power of government through his armies.

While the empires of many civilizations have faded from either the introduction of new technologies or the passions of foreign invaders, Japan remains a culture successfully influencing the world by cultivating the antiquities from its unique past with its innovations toward a promising future.

VOCABULARY of *Japan Part 2*

AINU: A group of settlers who lived on the island of Hokkido and the Northern part of Honshu. Their heritage was different from the 90% of all Japanese .

ARCHIPELAGO: A string of islands which at one time were connected.

BUNRAKU: A Japanese puppet show whereby three people operate each puppet: One for the body and head, and one for each arm.

DAIMYOS: Warlords who were local land owners. Their status in the feudal order followed the Emperor and Shogun.

FEUDALISM: A time period in Japan when constant war existed between local lords and chieftains.

HIROSHIMA & NAGASAKI: The two cities which suffered atomic bomb attacks from the U.S. during WWII in 1945.

JAPAN: An island nation with over 3,000 islands and an area of 145,000 square miles located 115 miles off the east coast of Asia.

KABUKI: Elaborate Japanese drama or plays originally performed by women during the 1600's. However, as this form of entertainment became popular the Shogun banned women from performing and replaced them with men.

KUBLAI KAHN: The mongol leader who conquered both China and Korea but failed at two attempts to invade Japan.

Study the vocabulary words on pgs. 2 & 3. Then fill in the blank by selecting the words from the answers list:

ANSWERS LIST :

Karate • Typhoon • Feudalism • Mao Si Tung
Kublai Kahn • Tornado • New York Harbor
Monarchy • Pearl Harbor • Sumo Wrestling

A) The Mongol leader _____ led two failed invasions into Japan in 1274 and 1281.

B) On December 7th, 1941 Japan attacked _____

C) _____ became a popular sport in Japan during the edo period.

D) A _____ caused the failure of two Mongol invasions into Japan.

E) _____ was a time period in Japan when constant war existed between local lords and Chieftains.

Q & A about *Japan Part 2*

Study the vocabulary words on pages 2 & 3 and the timeline on pg. 4. Then answer the questions.

1. What two Japanese cities were attacked by the U.S. using an atomic bomb in 1945?
2. How many Islands in Japan? What continent did Japan separate from after the great ice ages?
3. Describe the feudal age which existed in Japan from 300 CE to 1860's. Who ruled at the top of the social order from 1185 until the end of the feudal period?
4. Why did the Mongol invasion of Japan, in 1274 and 1281 fail? Who was the famous Mongol leader during these invasions?
5. During the Tokugawa Peace many forms of Japanese entertainment began to develop. Name two forms of entertainment that Japanese society enjoyed during this period?
6. Japanese-American relations will forever remember two historic events. What happened on December 7th, 1941? What happened in August of 1945?
7. Name the capital city of Japan today?
8. Who became the first Europeans to arrive in Japan?

MONGOLS: An Asian society during the 13th century who lived in the deserts and dry plains of Mongolia. After conquering China and Korea by 1259 they attempted to invade Japan in 1274 and again in 1281.

PROTECTORATE: A smaller country which is conquered then protected by a larger, stronger country.

SAMURAI: Warriors who observed a strict code of honor and loyalty to a land owning warlord who served the Shogun. Highly educated their training included reading, writing, poetry, and performing traditional ceremonial dances.

SHOGUN: The emperor's top general who exercised the real power of government through his armies sworn to obey.

SUMO WRESTLING: A sport where two large men try to push each other out of a small arena.

TOKYO: The capital city of Japan today.

TYPHOON: The oriental word for hurricane. A storm or system of winds accompanied with strong rain traveling at least 20 to 30 miles an hour.

PEARL HARBOR: An American naval base located in Hawaii. On December 7th, 1941 Japan attacked the base thereby prompting the United States to enter WWII.

YORITOMO: The first Shogun of the feudal age whose line of descendants ruled from 1185 to 1331.

TIMELINE of *Japan Part 2*

4 billion years ago: When many scientists believe planet earth began.

200 million years ago: Dinosaurs roamed the earth.

65 million years ago: Dinosaurs extinct.

2 million years ago: Humans began to stand upright and began making tools and weapons.

12,000 BCE: The Islands of Japan separate from the Asian mainland.

300 BCE - 1860's: The Feudal Age

1185: The first Shogun Yoritomo rules Japan.

1274-1281: The Mongol invasions.

1400: The fall of Ainu.

1500: The Shogun's court loses power.

1543: Two Portuguese traders become the first Europeans to arrive in Japan.

1854: America is granted permission to trade with Japan.

1894: Japan declares war on China.

1904: Japan declares war on Russia.

1910: Japan controls Korea.

1941: Pearl Harbor is attacked by Japan.

1945: U.S. drops the atom bomb on Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

1951: Official Peace Treaty ends WWII.

Discussion Points / Activities

1. Imagine you lived during the time of ancient Japan. Discuss how life would be different than living in the 21st century.

2. A timeline offers a chronological perspective of significant events which have happened throughout history. After viewing the program, study the timeline on pg 4 of this guide, then develop your own timeline which illustrates Japan's enduring history. Perhaps use the computer; add pictures along with text; if possible develop a multimedia presentation.

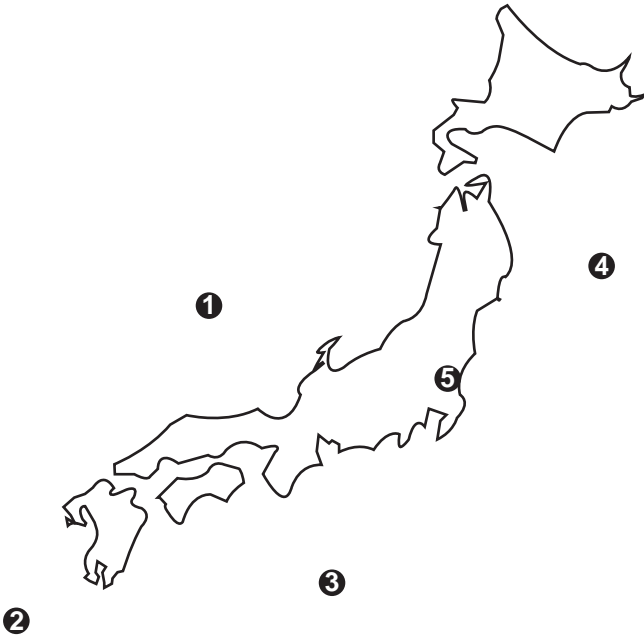
3. Japan is famous for its unique form of entertainment (bunraku, kabuki, and sumo wrestling). Write a brief profile explaining these forms of entertainment. Use the internet for your research. Perhaps present your own interpretation of Japanese entertainment.

4. Throughout history the relationship between Japan and the United States has changed. The attacks on Pearl Harbor, Hiroshima and Nagasaki have all greatly effected the relationship between these two nations. Describe or research what circumstances led to these attacks and how the relationship between these two great democracy's has evolved throughout history.

5. Discuss the differences and similarities between ancient Japan and present-day Japan. Who is the leader of Japan today? What is and was the primary religion practiced in ancient Japan and Japan today? What major industries existed in ancient Japan and Japan today? What is and was the primary means of transportation in ancient Japan and Japan today? What was and is the primary language of ancient Japan and Japan today? etc.

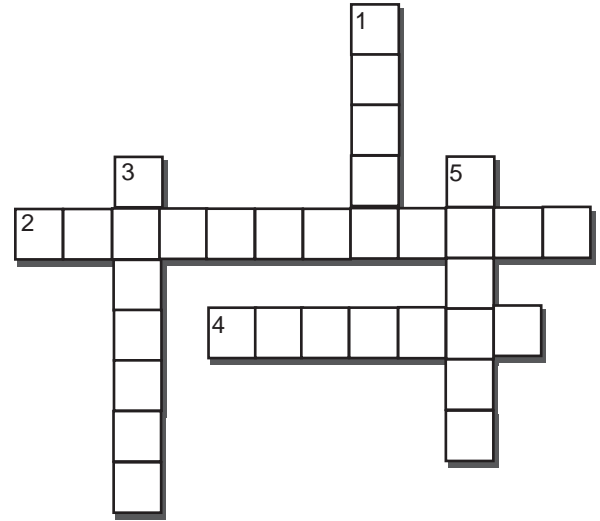
GEOGRAPHY of *Japan Part 2*

Study the map on pgs. 6 & 7. Then on the solid black line write the name of the location and on a separate piece of paper write a brief description of each location



- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____

Use the words described in this guide on pgs. 2 & 3 to complete the crossword.



DOWN:

- 1) Japan's capital city.
- 3) People who live in the deserts and dry plains.
- 5) Elaborate Japanese drama or plays.

ACROSS:

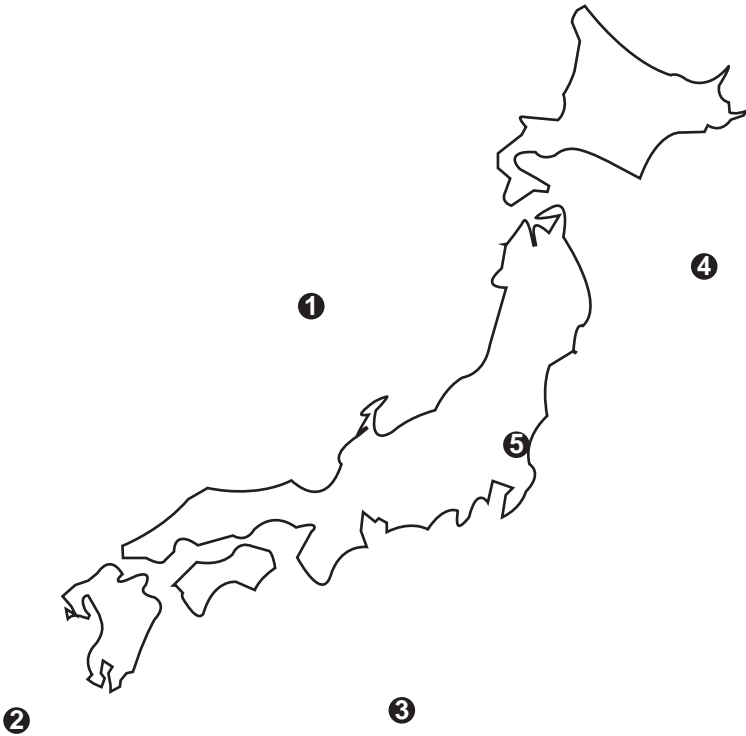
- 2) A smaller country conquered and protected by a larger-stronger country
- 4) A Japanese puppet show

Down - 1) Tokyo, 3) Mongols, 5) Kabuki
Across - 2) Protectorate, 4) Bunraku

ANSWERS:

MAP of *Japan Part 2*

Study the modern-day map and its significant locations below. Then test your geography skills on pg. 8.



① SEA OF JAPAN: The body of water located along Japan's western border.

② EAST CHINA SEA: The body of water located along Japan's southwest border.

③ PHILIPPINE SEA: The body of water located along Japan's southeast border.

④ NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN: The body of water located along Japan's northeast border.

⑤ TOKYO: The capital city of Japan today.